

**SUMMARY OF  
THE CONTRACT  
FOR THE GOVERNMENT  
OF CHANGE IN ITALY**



01	<b>PUBLIC WATER</b>
02	<b>AGRICULTURE AND FISHING - MADE-IN-ITALY PRODUCTS</b>
03	<b>ENVIRONMENT, GREEN ECONOMY AND ZERO WASTE</b>
04	<b>BANK FOR INVESTMENTS AND SAVINGS</b>
05	<b>CONFLICT OF INTERESTS</b>
06	<b>CULTURE</b>
07	<b>PUBLIC DEBT AND DEFICIT</b>
08	<b>DEFENSE</b>
09	<b>FOREIGN POLICIES ISSUES</b>
10	<b>TAX MATTERS - FLAT TAX AND SIMPLIFICATION</b>
11	<b>SPEEDY AND EFFICIENT JUSTICE</b>
12	<b>IMMIGRATION:REPATRIATION AND STOP TO SMUGGLING ACTIVITIES</b>
13	<b>EMPLOYMENT</b>
14	<b>FIGHT AGAINST CORRUPTION</b>
15	<b>MINISTRY FOR DISABILITIES</b>
16	<b>THE FORNERO PENSION LAW</b>
17	<b>POLICIES FOR FAMILIES AND BIRTH RATE INCREASE</b>
18	<b>EMPLOYMENT-BASED SUPPLEMENTAL INCOME AND MINIMUM PENSION INCREASE</b>
19	<b>INSTITUTIONAL REFORMS, AUTONOMY AND DEMOCRACY</b>
20	<b>HEALTHCARE</b>
21	<b>SCHOOL</b>
22	<b>SAFETY, LEGALITY AND LAW ENFORCEMENT</b>
23	<b>SPORT</b>
24	<b>SOUTHERN ITALY</b>
25	<b>CUTS TO COSTS OF POLITICS, INSTITUTIONS AND GOLDEN PENSIONS</b>
26	<b>TRANSPORT, INFRASTRUCTURE AND TELECOMMUNICATIONS</b>
27	<b>TOURISM</b>
28	<b>EUROPEAN UNION</b>
29	<b>UNIVERSITY AND RESEARCH</b>

## **01 PUBLIC WATER**

Protection of this common natural asset, as expressed in the 2011 referendum.

## **02 AGRICULTURE AND FISHING - MADE-IN-ITALY PRODUCTS**

Protection of agriculture, as well as support to small-scale fishing and Made-in-Italy products.

## **03 ENVIRONMENT, GREEN ECONOMY AND ZERO WASTE**

Environmental sustainability through a “de-fossilized” and “de-carbonized” economy and finance; energy efficiency and renewable sources; support to a “green-economy”, (research, innovation and training for environmental development work); promotion of circular economy.

## **04 BANK FOR INVESTMENTS AND SAVINGS**

Establishment of an investment bank for small- and medium-size businesses; protection of savings accounts; separation of credit and investment banks.

## **05 CONFLICT OF INTERESTS**

Applicability of the notion of conflict of interest in cases of interference between a public interest and another public or private interest that may influence the objective exercise of a public function, regardless of an economic advantage; application of statutory measures also for non-governmental positions.

## **06 CULTURE**

Conservation, enhancement and usability of cultural and artistic heritage.

## **07 PUBLIC DEBT AND DEFICIT**

Reduction of public debt through GDP growth, rather than through tax- and austerity-based measures; revitalisation of both domestic demand as it pertains to high-multiplier investments and policies to support the purchasing power of households, and foreign demand, by creating better conditions for exports.

## **08 DEFENSE**

Protection of Armed Forces personnel; hiring of new resources with increased equipment and tools; rationalisation of military spending, including in reference to the reclamation of decommissioned military real estate assets; review of international missions in relation to national interests.

## **09 FOREIGN POLICIES ISSUES**

Membership to NATO with the USA as a privileged ally; openness to Russia to strengthen commercial relations; reorganisation of the diplomatic and consular network for Italians' rights abroad.

## **10 TAX MATTERS - FLAT TAX AND SIMPLIFICATION**

Freezing of VAT and excise taxes; Determination and simplification for households, businesses and VAT-registered professionals; review of the tax system applicable to natural persons and businesses; Flat tax at fixed 15% and 20% for natural persons, VAT-registered professionals, companies and families; provision for a fixed deduction of 3,000.00 based on family income; confirmation of the “no-tax area”; burden of proof on tax authorities; strengthening of compensations between credits and debts towards the Public Administration; abolition of the expense-based (spesometro) and income-based reporting systems (redditometro); enhancement of penalties for large-scale tax evaders; tax reconciliation: reinforcement of debt consolidation procedures.

## **11 SPEEDY AND EFFICIENT JUSTICE**

Independence of the Superior Council of Magistracy (SCM); separation of the judiciary - political careers; simplification and reduction of trials; enhancement of the right to self-defense; tightening of penalties for sexual violence; fair compensation for victims of violent crimes; crime expunction reform; end to decriminalization and early release from jail; penalty increases for theft, robbery and fraud; speedy trials; class-action suits for citizens and businesses; reduction of costs to access justice; fight against poaching; construction of new prisons; new guidelines on the so-called “41-bis” prison reform (“hard prison regime”).

## **12 IMMIGRATION: REPATRIATION AND STOP TO SMUGGLING ACTIVITIES**

Revision of the Dublin Regulation; compliance with the principle of fair sharing of responsibilities among EU countries; fast-tracking procedures for the verification of the right to refugee status; transparency of public funds for the immigration hospitality system; cooperation among countries.

## **13 EMPLOYMENT**

Introduction of minimum hourly wage; reduction of tax wedge and simplification of bureaucratic procedures; voucher system overhaul; enhancement of employment centers; fight against short-term employment and the effects of the Jobs Act; enhancement of training paths.

## **14 FIGHT AGAINST CORRUPTION**

Increased penalties for crimes against the Public Administration; debarment from doing business with or holding positions in the Public Administration for perpetrators and enablers of corruption-related crimes; introduction of undercover and inciting agents; strengthening of the National Anti-Corruption Authority; greater protection for whistleblowers; enhancement of wire-tapping, especially in cases concerning corruption; strengthening of crimes related to interactions between organized crime (Mafia) and politicians.

## **15 MINISTRY FOR DISABILITIES**

Increase of funds for disabilities and individuals who are not self-sufficient; exclusion from the Indicator of the Equivalent Financial Situation (IEFS) calculation of welfare, social security benefits and indemnities; increase of civil disability allowance and adjustment to the social pension.

## **16 THE FORNERO PENSION LAW**

Abolition of imbalances in the social security system introduced by the “Fornero Pension Law”, to facilitate the exit from the labor market of categories that are currently excluded; introduction of Quota 41 and Quota 100 pension reforms; separation between social security and assistance; extension of the “women’s option” measure.

## **17 POLICIES FOR FAMILIES AND BIRTH RATE INCREASE**

Policies to enable women to reconcile family and work duties. Increase of maternity allowance; tax benefits for businesses that keep mothers at work after the birth of their children; reimbursements for nursery and baby-sitting expenses, tax benefits including “zero VAT” for neonatal and child products. Benefits for families with dependent elderly, including home assistance through maids and caregivers.

## **18 EMPLOYMENT-BASED SUPPLEMENTAL INCOME AND MINIMUM PENSION INCREASE**

Employment-based supplemental income as support for Italian citizens for the purpose of job reintegration; the financial support amounts to 780.00 per month per person, defined on the OCSE scale for larger families; the beneficiary of the income must accept job offers from employment centers (maximum of 3 proposals over a 2-year period); in the case of refusal, financial benefits will be revoked; investment of 2 billion Euro to reform employment centers. Minimum pension increase for those living below the minimum poverty line: supplement to pensions lower than 780.00 per month.

## **19 INSTITUTIONAL REFORMS, AUTONOMY AND DEMOCRACY**

Reduction in the number of parliamentarians; introduction of a mandate constraint for parliamentarians; strengthening of direct democracy; regional autonomy and provision of funds for local authorities; introduction of proactive referenda; elimination of quorum for revocation referenda; enhancement of legislative initiatives; transparency on the financing of foundations connected to political parties; evaluation of the performance of Public Administration managers; cutting laws streamlining of Public Administration.

## **20 HEALTHCARE**

Increase of funds for the public health service; protection of regional autonomy in the organisation of health services; termination of the relationship between politics and the provision of health services; fight against waste, corruption and inefficiencies; review of pharmaceutical governance; Automation of the NHS and investments for prevention; reduction of wait on waiting lists.

## **21 SCHOOL**

Review of teacher recruitment system; resolution of short-term teaching jobs; effective training system; introduction of tools that take into account the link between teachers and their area of residence; resolution of the “direct-call” system; continuous training for teachers; review of “school-to-work” programs.

## **22 SAFETY, LEGALITY AND LAW ENFORCEMENT**

Increase of funds, tools and equipment; staff increase; renewal of contracts and career reorganisation; measures for fire fighters (stabilisation of labor relations, reinforcement of training and adjustment of wages to mirror levels set for law enforcement personnel); reorganisation of the Local Police with increase of equipment and tasks; rigorous fight against bullying and gambling; speedy eviction of illegal occupants and repatriation of illegals; investments in road safety; closing of unlawful nomad camps; fight against toxic bonfires.

## **23 SPORT**

Implementation of physical activities; provision and upgrading of sports facilities throughout the country; improvement of the operation of sports bodies; introduction of tax and contribution benefits for small amateur sports associations.

## **24 SOUTHERN ITALY**

Definition of policies (support to income, pensions, investments, environment and protection of employment) to achieve Italy’s uniform development, and the reduction of the gap between North and South.

## **25 CUTS TO COSTS OF POLITICS, INSTITUTIONS AND GOLDEN PENSIONS**

Cuts to costs of politics, unnecessary institutions and privileges; retroactive equalisation of the social security system of parliamentarians, regional councillors, etc. to the social security system in force for all citizens; reduction of official vehicles, government-paid aircrafts and body guard services; reduction of golden pensions (above 5,000.00 Euro net monthly) that are inconsistent with social contributions paid.

## **26 TRANSPORT, INFRASTRUCTURE AND TELECOMMUNICATIONS**

Reduction in the use of vehicles powered by diesel and petrol engines; incentives for hybrid and electric vehicles; National Infrastructure Plan to install electric vehicle recharging stations; strengthening of electric car sharing; development of urban and extra-urban bike trails; investment in resources to equip ports; modernisation and upgrading of railway lines; review of the project in the application of the agreement between Italy and France concerning the Turin-Lyon high-speed railway line; transparent management of public radio - television service lines; elimination of political cronyism and promotion of meritocracy in public radio - TV service.

## **27 TOURISM**

Creation of a Ministry of Tourism; abolition of tourism tax; tax credits for tourism businesses that hire young people; redefinition of ENIT (Italian National Tourism Agency) governance and its financial, economic and operational functioning.

## **28 EUROPEAN UNION**

Review of European agreements (monetary policy, Stability Pact and growth, Fiscal compact, MES, procedure to balance excessive macroeconomics, etc.); fight against counterfeiting and falsification of Made in Italy products; review of Italy's contribution to the EU; opposition to CETA, MES China, TTIP and similarly inspired treaties.

## **29 UNIVERSITY AND RESEARCH**

Increase of resources allocated to universities and research institutions; investments in innovation; elimination of waste; incentive of public-private partnerships that allow greater contribution of resources to research; expansion of student bracket that benefits from "No-Tax area".